

## About the Kurdistan Parliament

The [Kurdistan Parliament](#) is the Region's democratically elected legislature. The parliament consists of one elected chamber. Its three main functions are:

- to examine proposals for new laws
- to scrutinize government policy and administration
- to debate the major issues of the day

The founding principles of the parliament are liberty, pluralism, accountability, inclusiveness, openness and the representation of all peoples in the Kurdistan Region.

- [Landmark Legislation](#)
- [Structure of the Parliament: Ensuring broad representation](#)
- [History of the Parliament](#)
- [Parliamentary Elections](#)
- [Powers of the Parliament](#)
- [Members of the Parliament](#)
- [Committees of the Parliament](#)

### Landmark legislation passed by the Kurdistan Parliament

The Kurdistan Parliament has passed several landmark pieces of legislation. These include:

- [Kurdistan Region Investment Law \(English\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Oil & Gas Law \(English\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Amendments of Iraqi Personal Status Law \(English\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Amendment to Iraqi Pension and Social Security Law \(English\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law to Combat Domestic Violence \(English\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Presidency Law \(Kurdish\)](#)
  - [Amended Kurdistan Region Presidency Law \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Counter-Terrorism Law \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law on Rights of Family Members of Anfal Victims \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law on Compensation of Wrongly Convicted Persons \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law for Board for Disputed Territories Affairs \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law on Regional Security Council \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law on Protection of the Environment \(Kurdish\)](#)
- [Kurdistan Region Law on Funding of Projects for Youth \(Kurdish\)](#)

For all other laws and further information, please visit the [Kurdistan Parliament](#) website

### Structure of the Kurdistan Parliament: Ensuring broad representation

There are 111 seats in the parliament (as stipulated by Law No. 1 passed in 1992). The Kurdistan Parliament is led by the Speaker, who is assisted in his duties by the Deputy Speaker.

In February 2009 several amendments were made to the Kurdistan election law to increase the inclusiveness of all groups. The minimum age of parliamentary candidates was lowered from 30 to 25. The legal minimum quota of

female parliamentarians was increased from 25 percent to 30 percent of the legislature. While seats had already been reserved in previous elections for minority communities, for the Christian and Turkmen communities this was increased to five seats each.

### **History of the Kurdistan Parliament**

The Kurdistan National Assembly was established in 1992, in the first free and fair elections ever held in the Kurdistan Region or in any part of Iraq.

To protect civilians from attacks by Iraqi military forces following the 1991 Gulf War, the US, UK and France initiated a no-fly zone above the 36th line of latitude which cuts across Kurdistan. On the ground, a security zone was established by military forces from eleven countries. These no-fly and security zones strongly supported and encouraged the return of refugees, including those who had left in the 1970s.

Later in 1991, Saddam Hussein withdrew his forces and his administration from parts of the Kurdistan Region. Compounding the hardship caused by an international UN embargo on Iraq, Saddam Hussein enforced an additional internal embargo on the region that stopped food and fuel supplies, disconnected electrical power and prevented the movement of people to other parts of the country.

Faced with the administrative vacuum and double embargo, the Kurdistan Front, an alliance of diverse political groups in the Kurdistan Region, decided to hold a general election. Their goal was to establish an administration to provide for essential public services and to meet the basic needs of the people. The population also expressed a strong desire to choose its representatives. The election, held on 19 May 1992, was the first free and fair parliamentary election in the history of Iraq. A minimum seven percent threshold was set for representation in the parliament. Voter turnout was very high and the elections were deemed to be free, fair, and democratic by international observers. After decades of dictatorship, the people in Kurdistan were able to vote for their representatives for the first time in their history.

This regional election led to the formation of the first Kurdistan National Assembly and the establishment of the Kurdistan Regional Government. The leadership and the people of the Kurdistan Region decided to adopt and abide by all Iraqi laws except for those that violated human and universal rights. By 15 July 1992, the Kurdistan National Assembly had convened. Law No. 1, the first law passed by the assembly, established the Assembly as the Region's legislature.

To date there have been four region-wide parliaments, following elections in 1992, 2005, 2009, and 2013. In 2009 the Kurdistan National Assembly was renamed the Kurdistan Parliament.

### **Parliamentary Elections**

Elections for the Kurdistan Parliament are held at least every four calendar years, (as stipulated in Article 8 of the Kurdistan Electoral Law). The last parliamentary elections were held on 21 September 2013. Anyone aged 18 or over who is a citizen of the Kurdistan Region and is on the electoral registering is eligible to vote in a direct, universal and secret ballot.

### **Powers of the Parliament [1]**

As provided in the federal constitution of Iraq, parliament has considerable power to debate and legislate on policy in a wide range of areas: health services, education and training, policing and security, the environment, natural resources, agriculture, housing, trade, industry and investment, social services and social affairs, transport and roads, culture and tourism, sport and leisure, and ancient monuments and historic buildings.

The Kurdistan Parliament shares legislative power with the federal authorities in the following areas, but priority is given to the Kurdistan Parliament's laws: customs, electric energy and its distribution, general planning, internal water resources.

In addition, under Article 121 of the Iraqi federal constitution the Kurdistan Parliament has the right to amend the application of Iraq-wide legislation that falls outside of the federal authorities' exclusive powers.

### **Members of the Kurdistan Parliament**

The 111 MPs in the Kurdistan Parliament represent the following political lists and parties:

- Kurdistan Democratic Party: 38 seats
- Change List: 24 seats
- Patriotic Union of Kurdistan: 18 seats
- Islamic Union of Kurdistan: 10 seats
- Islamic Brotherhood of Kurdistan: 6 seats
- Islamic Movement: 1 seat
- Communist Party (Freedom List): 1 seat
- Kurdistan Communist Party: 1 seat

Parliamentary seats reserved for minority groups:

- Turkoman Development List: 2 seats
- Erbil Turkoman List: 1 seat
- Turkoman Change and Reform List: 1 seat
- Turkoman Movement List: 1 seat
- Al-Rafidain List: 2 seats
- Chaldean-Assyrian-Syriac Council: 2 seats
- Abna Al-Rafidain List: 1 seat
- Barwan Isan Mergoz Batros: 1 seat

### **Committees of the Kurdistan Parliament**

The Kurdistan Parliament has a number of standing committees that work on the following areas:

- Legal affairs
- Agriculture and irrigation
- Finance and economic affairs
- Health and environment
- Construction, housing and rural development
- Endowments and religious affairs
- Human rights
- Municipalities, transport, communication and tourism
- Civil society affairs
- Youth and sports
- Interior, security and provincial councils
- General and higher education and scientific research
- Women's rights
- Family, children and social affairs
- Relations, culture, media and heritage
- Peshmarga, martyrs, and Anfal victims' affairs
- Industry, energy and natural resources
- Protection workers' rights
- Integrity

- Parliament affairs
- Article 140 of the Iraqi Constitution

[1] These powers are granted by the federal constitution of Iraq in articles 114, 115, 117, 120, 121, 126 and 141.

## Parliament Terms

### First Term (1992)

#### The Political Components and the Results of the Electoral Sessions of Kurdistan National Assembly

In Kurdistan, during the last sixteen years, two election sessions were held. The first election was accomplished democratically in accordance with the Law Number One enacted by Kurdistan Front on 19<sup>th</sup> of May 1992, and it was supervised by representatives of a number of foreign organizations: such as Human Rights Watch, Members of European Parliament and foreign journalists. Participants in the first elections amounted to 967229.

#### The Lists of the Participants

No.	The List of the Parties	Number of votes	Percentage
1	Kurdistan Democratic Party(KDP)	437889	45.5%
2	Patriotic Union Of Kurdistan(PUK)and Toilers' Party	423833	43.61%
3	Union(The Socialist Party and Kurdistan Independence Party)	24882	2.56%
4	Democratic Union of Kurdistan, the Communist Party and the Independents	21123	2.17%
5	Islamic List	49108	5.5%
6	Kurdistan Democratic People's Party	9903	1.02%
7	The Independent Democrats	501	0.05%
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>971953</b>	<b>100%</b>

According to the results of the elections, which were conducted on the basis of proportional system and announced by the High Supervisory Electoral Committee, only two lists namely: KDP and PUK & Toilers' Party attained the Parliament seats. Out of 105 Parliament seats, PUK and KDP gained the seats at a ratio of fifty-fifty. According to a decision enacted by Kurdistan Front on 8/4/1992, the other five seats were allotted for the Kurdistan Christians Union.

Due to the civil war, which arose on 2<sup>nd</sup> May, 1994, the Second Elections were not possible to be conducted; Kurdistan Parliament strived to block means of the acceleration of the civil conflicts. For this

purpose, it issued its documentary manifesto, which consisted of 19 points against this war, and several field committees for monitoring the process of ceasefire and peace resolutions were implemented. Furthermore, 59 members held a sit-in throughout 101 days in one of the Parliament halls against civil war. This stand was widely supported both inside Kurdistan and abroad. Up to now, this hall is renowned as a (Sit-in Hall). Increasing internal obstinacy had an awful impact on Kurdistan's young experience of democracy. In conclusion, the Parliament became a victim of the civil conflict and its work was paralyzed for a long while. But owing to the Washington Peace Convention of 1998, attended by the Secretary of State, Mrs. Madeline Albright, and signed by Jalal Talabani and Massoud Barzani. The Kurdistan Parliament re-united again and on 4<sup>th</sup> October, 2002 two sessions were held: the first session was held in Parliament Hall and the second session was held in Sulaimania Palace Hotel a week later. Once the Parliament was united, numerous members of both groups were changed. Hence, the task of the Parliament was to promote political and peace process waged at uniting the two administrations in Kurdistan. Therefore, this session was called The Transitional Session and was chaired by Dr.Rouzh Noori Shaweis for three months and by Dr.Kamal Fuad for two months .Nevertheless, this Transitional Session, which is a continuation of the first session of the Kurdistan Parliament, enacted a number of laws and resolutions.

## Second Term (2005)

### The Second Session Elections of Kurdistan National Assembly-Iraq 2005

On 15th December, 2005, the Second Session Elections of Kurdistan National Assembly (KNA) were conducted in Kurdistan; this coincided with the elections of the Iraqi Parliament and the Governorate Councils all over Iraq. These were the first elections to be conducted in Kurdistan and Iraq after the collapse of Saddam's Regime.

In the 2005 Elections, the Kurdish people, unlike the rest of the Iraqis, voted for three lists. Only the residents of Erbil, Sulaimania and Dohuk governorates participated in the elections for the Kurdistan National Assembly. However the residents of the districts formerly controlled under Saddam's regime (Shangar and Sheikhan in Nineveh, Kirkuk Governorate, Khanaqeen in Diyalah and Makhmoor) were deprived of this right, as the legal and administrative status of these districts had not been determined as per Article 58 of TAL which, later was superseded by Article 140 in the Iraqi Constitution. The residents of these districts together with the residents of central and southern Iraq voted for the elections for the Iraqi Parliament and Governorate Councils only. Thirteen various lists participated in the Second Session Elections of the Kurdistan National Assembly based on the proportional representation system. 1 753 919 residents of the Kurdistan Region participated in these elections, this number included Kurds, Turkmans, Chaldeans, Assyrians, Muslim, Christians and Yazeedis.

The number of Parliament Members in this Session increased from 105 to 111. Only three lists succeeded in winning the Parliament membership from the above-mentioned; namely: Kurdistan National Democratic list with 104 members, Islamic Group of Iraqi Kurdistan won 6 seats and Kurdistan Toilers' Party with the Independents won only one seat.

#### A List with the Results of the Second Session Elections of the Kurdistan National Assembly

S.N	The Names of the Lists	Number of Votes	Percentage	Number of seats
1.	Kurdistan National Democratic List	1570663	89.55%	104
2.	Iraqi Kurdistan Islamic Group	85237	4.86%	6
3.	Toilers Party and the Independents	20585	1.17%	1
4.	Kurdistan Democratic Labors Party	11748	0.67%	0
5.	Democratic Movement of Kurdistan	10952	0.62	0

	People			
6.	The Independents List	10262	0.59%	0
7.	Kurdistan Democracy Attainment Party	9081	0.52%	0
8.	Iraqi Republican Group	9499	0.54%	0
9.	Iraqi National Union Front	825547	0.47%	0
10.	Kurdistan Democrats Movement	6690	0.38%	0
11.	Kurdistan Conservative Party	5506	0.31%	0
12.	Iraqi National Brotherhood Party	3422	0.20%	0
13.	Kurdistan National Movement	2018	0.12%	0
	Grand Total	1753919	100%	0
	<b>Abstentions and Void Polls</b>	<b>23760</b>		<b>111</b>

**A List with the Names of the Members of the Second Session of Kurdistan National Assembly (KNA)**

**Third Term (2009)**

### Third Parliament elections of the Kurdistan Region

Before June 4, 2009, the date for the Third Parliament elections of the Kurdistan Region, the President of the Second Parliament, H.E. Adnan Mufti, sent an official letter dated January 1, 2009, to the President of the Kurdistan Region that suggested holding the Third Parliament elections of the Kurdistan Region on May 19, 2009.

Official letters were sent on March 3, 2009, and March 26, 2009, to the Independent High Electoral Commission in Iraq IHEC in which the President of the Second Parliament of the Kurdistan Region suggested holding elections on May 19, 2009. He urged the Commission to set the date of elections in collaboration with the President of the Kurdistan Region.

After discussing the suggestion of the President of the Parliament with IHEC, the President of the Kurdistan Region sent an official letter dated March 11, 2009, to the President of the Kurdistan Parliament in which he stated that, due no special budget being allocated to IHEC by the federal government, the lack of clear financial plans, and insufficient technical capabilities, the Commission could not set the date for elections on May 19, 2009.

On May 2, 2009, IHEC informed the Kurdistan Region Presidency that after July 20, 2009, they would be ready to manage the elections, so the President of the Kurdistan Region attended the 9<sup>th</sup> Session in the fourth year of the Second Parliament on May 5<sup>th</sup> 2009 to address the MPs to set July 25, 2009, as the date to conduct elections for the Third Parliament of the Kurdistan Region. He also urged the Parliament to conduct elections for the President of the Kurdistan Region through a direct vote.

The Kurdistan Parliament elections were conducted successfully with the presence of observers from inside and outside Iraq. In this election 24 lists competed for 111 seats in the Parliament. Eleven lists won seats.

IHEC sent a copy of the endorsed results of the elections in an official letter, No. 9/ 1431, dated August 18, 2009, to the Presidency of the Kurdistan Parliament, which are as follows:

#### Kurdistan Region President

Nomination No.	Nominee's name	Total Votes	Percentage
----------------	----------------	-------------	------------

12	Massoud Barzani	1.266.397	69.60
----	-----------------	-----------	-------

### Kurdistan Parliament

List No.	List Name	Total Votes	Percentage
54	Kurdistani List	1,076,370	57.37 %
55	Freedom and Social Justice	15,028	0.80 %
57	Chang Movement	445,024	23.72 %
58	Islamic Movement in Kurdistan/ Iraq	27,147	1.45 %
59	Reform and Service List	240,842	12.84 %
67	Al-Rafidain List	5,690	0.30 %
68	The Peoples' Council of the Chaldeans, Syriac and Assyrians	10,595	0.56 %
69	The Turkman Democratic Movement in Kurdistan	18,464	0.98 %
70	Erbil Turkmans List-Hawler	3,906	0.21 %
72	The Turkman Reform List	7,077	0.38 %
74	Aram Shahim Dawd Bakuian	4,198	0.22 %

### Fourth Term (2013)

#### 2013 election of Kurdistan parliament

before the end of the third term of Kurdistan parliament , Dr. Arsalan Bayez the president of Kurdistan parliament submitted a claim to the presidency of Kurdistan region on 5/12/2013 asking to fix a date for the elections of the fourth term the text of the letter is as follows : on the 7/9/2013 , the Kurdistan parliament ends its fourth years term and according to the second article of the presidency law No(1) of 2005 amended , the president of Kurdistan region has to issue a decree to call an election for the fourth term as referred to in above mentioned article .The higher independent commission for election should be notified in order to prepare itself for this election, which requires six months according to I.C.E.

So the president of the Kurdistan region issued an ordinance No: (50) on the 18/4/2014 fixing the 2/9/2013 for the election of the fourth term of Kurdistan parliament and the president of Kurdistan region together because both of them ended their term at the same date.

On 21/9/2013 the election was held and 31 lists participated, but only 17 of them could win.

The results of the election as announced and certified by I.C.E are as follows :

Lists and political entities

The name of entities and lists	Number of Seats
1- Kurdistan Democratic party	38
2- change movement list	24
3- Kurdistan patriotic union	18
4- Islamic union list	10
5- Islamic Group list	6
6- Kurdistan Islamic Movement	1
7- socialist list	1
8- Rafidain list	2
9- third Direction list	1
10- Azadee (freedom) least	1
11- Popular Council of Chaldean, Syriac, and Assyrian	2
12- Advance Turkmen list	2
13- Erbeel Turkmen list	1
14- Change and renewal Turkmen list	1
15- Iraqi Turkmen Front list	1
16- the Sons of Mesopotamia list	1
17- Armenian list	1

The name of Kurdistan parliament Members \_ Iraq  
The fourth term of the election and the number of votes

Kurdistan Democratic party

NO.	name	votes
1	Jamal Ousthman Rasul rahman (Jamal Murtkka)	28768
2	Bayar Taher Saed Dewaly	28591
3	Omed Abdul Rahman Husain Abdulla	26465
4	Bashar Musher Esmail Saleh	23780



NO.	name	votes
5	Dlshad Shaban Abdulghafar Abdulla	22066
6	Frsat Soffe Ali Ismail	17331
7	Jafer Ebrahim Hajee Biro (Jafer Emnkee)	16926
8	Ali Ali Halo Ali	16733
9	Muhamad Ali Yasen Taha Muhamad	16000
10	Edres Ali EslamYasen	15101
11	Anas Muhamed Sharef Taher Mustafa (Mala Anas )	14549
12	Mardan Khader Mustafa Azo	14276
13	Nazem Kaber Muhamed Saed Awdel	12608
14	Ebrahim Ahmed Smo Ahmed	11969
15	Amena Zekra Saed Usff	11619
16	Nure Muhammed Ali Rahman	11320
17	Siraj Ahmed Muhammed Hamad Ammen	11022
18	Farhan Jawher Qader Mala	10690
19	Abas Ghazalee Merkhan Ghalee	10662
20	Saleh Bashar Saleh Abdee	10444
21	Shwan Ahmed Naman Jarjes	10411
22	Ari Muhamed Abdulrahman Muhammed (Ari Harsen	10348

NO.	name	votes
23	Vyan Faisal Salem Taha	10206
24	Muhamad Sadeq Saed Muhammed Sharef	9844
25	Tahsen Esmail Ahmed Ali	9805
26	Zyad Husain Abdulkarem Rashed	9470
27	Abdulla Jasem Rajeb qatas	9082
28	Hiva Hajee Mirkhan Ahmed	9078
29	Feruz Taha Abdulkhaleq Najmaden	8280
30	Sherin Husni Ramazan Kocher	7198
31	Najat Muhammed Abdulla Ahmed	6420
32	Awaz Hamed Husain Haned	5579
33	Hayat Majeed Qadeer Muhammed	5037
34	Zozan Sadeq Saed	4995
35	Vala Fareed Ebrahim	4848
36	Vyan Abas Omer	4591
37	Shelan Jafer Ali	3923
38	Madena Aub Ahmed	3591

Change movement list

No.	name	votes
1	Ali Hama Saleh	140027
2	Uosf Muhammed Sdeq	39922
3	Sherko Hama Amen	31004
4	Bestun Faeq Muhamad	19641
5	Brzo Majeed Abdulla	11568
6	Adel Azez Shwkur	10280
7	Rabun Tofeq Maaruf	9306
8	Oumer Enayat Hama Sed	6465
9	Aub Abdulla Esmail	6382
10	Eval Ebrahem Husen	6275
11	Hasan Saleh Muhammed	5534
12	Munera Osman Ali	5315
13	Omed Hama Ali Saleh	4679
14	Mahmud Omer saleh	4548
15	Anwer Qader Mustafa	4542
16	Faeq Mustafa Rasul	4413
17	Abdulrahman Ali Raza	4095
18	Qaraman Qader Fatah	4003

No.	name	votes
19	Prwa Ali Hama	3630
20	Zwifa Mahmud Abdulla	3194
21	Jwan Ismail Aziz	2964
22	Roza Mahmud Osman	2861
23	Bahar Mahmud fateh	2803
24	Pare Saleh Hamed	2792

Kurdistan patriotic union

No.	name	votes
1	Darbaz Abdulla Rasull	51025
2	Arsalan Bayez Esmail	20691
3	Ezat Sabr Esmail	11530
4	Begard Dlashad Shwkralla	10698
5	Salar Mahmud Murad	8502
6	Gran Azad Muhammed	7711
7	Zana Abdul Rahman Abdulla	7054
8	Farhad Hama Saleh	6641
9	Qade Otman Rasul	6347
10	Awaz Jangi Burhan	6261

No.	name	votes
11	Khalaf Ahmed Maruf	5571
12	Rebwar Faeq Husen	5496
13	Saleh Faqe Muhammed Amen	5467
14	Saed MUhammed Saed	5042
15	Dler Mustafa HUsain	4971
16	Talar Lateef Muhammed	3792
17	Mryam samed Abde Husain	3610
18	Gasha Dara Jalal	3113

Islamic union list

رد	name	votes
1	Kanan Najmaden Ahmed	76994
2	Omer Saleh Omer	31050
3	Sherko Jawdat Mustafa	9037
4	Mawlud Murad Mehyaden	6611
5	Sahrab Mekael Muhammedamen	5136
6	Abubker Omer Abdulla	4120
7	Ghareb Mustafa Hama khan	2797

رد	name	votes
8	Suham Omer Qader	1233
9	Bahar Abdulrahman Muhammed	1662
10	Kazhal Hade Faqe	739

Islamic Group list

No.	name	votes
1	Hawraman Hama sharef	14261
2	Husen Esmail Husain	10416
3	Soran Omer Saed	8331
4	Fakhradeen Qader Aref	5334
5	Najeba Latef Ahmed Qader	1065
6	Shukrya Smael Mustafa	1057

Council of Chaldean, Syriac, and Assyrian nations

No.	name	votes
1	Waheda Yaqut Hurmz	2517
2	Kamal Yalda Mrqouz	1466

Socialist list

No.	Name	votes
-----	------	-------

1	Abdulla Mhmuod Muhammad	3757
---	-------------------------	------

Advance Turkmen list

No.	name	votes
1	Jawdat Jarjes Latef	1825
2	Muna Nabe Nader	1053

Kurdistan Islamic Movement

No.	Name	votes
1	Omer Mustafa Bawamer	2740

Rafidain list

No.	Name	votes
1	Yaqwb Gorges Yaqoglya	1573
2	Linya Qzrya Bahram	535

Third Direction list

no	Name	votes
1	Baper Kamala Sleman	2033

Azadee (freedom) leas

No.	Name	votes
1	Abdulrahman Fars Abdulrahman	1822

Change and renewal Turkmen list

No.	name	votes
1	Muhammad Sadraden Anwer	365

Arbeel Turkmen list

No.	Name	votes
1	Majed Othman Tofeq	369

Iraqi Turkmen Front list

No.	name	votes
1	Ayeden Maruf salem	733

Armenian list

No.	Name	votes
1	Yarwant Nisan Markos	316

The Sons of Mesopotamia list

No.	name	votes
1	Srwd Salem Matee	493



## The Kurdistan Parliament Speaker

### Profile of Mr. Yousif Mohammed Sadiq Speaker of Kurdistan Parliament-Iraq

- He was born in 14/7/1978 in Khormal, Kurdistan-Iraq
- He is holding a Masters Degree in "International Politics" from Nahren University in 2007
- He is currently studying for a PhD in philosophy of political science with the thesis "The important factors that affect the affairs of the Kurdistan Region – Iraq"
- From 2008 to 2010, he was the head of the Department of Social and Political Sciences at the University of Sulemani
- From 2007 to 2009, he was the general coordinator of "Hata Kay?" (*Until When?*) Movement. From 2003-2010 he has participate in various civil society activities and worked with many local and foreign organisations like K.I.E, DHRD, N.E.D, N.D.P
- Speaker Sadiq has contributed at many academic seminars and conferences inside and outside Iraq
- Back in 2008, he was the coordinator of an academic and legal committee to amend the proposed constitution of the Kurdistan region. The proposal was entitled "*The Revision of the Draft Constitution of the Kurdistan Region*" and published by Wsha company
- He has contributed to the amendment proposal of Draft Constitution of the Kurdistan Region and the Reform Project that was prepared by Gorran 'Change' Movement
- In the year 2010, he was Gorran Movement's head of the political research department.
- On 29 April 2014 Mr. Yousif Mohammed Sadiq was elected as the seventh Speaker of Kurdistan parliament

speaker@perleman.org

office@perleman.org

Tel: +964 6602 521923

## The Kurdistan Parliament Deputy Speaker

### Profile of Mr. Jaffar Hagi Deputy Speaker of Kurdistan Parliament-Iraq

- Was born in the village of Emnkeh, near Duhok, Kurdistan-Iraq.
- He was graduated with a law degree in the years 1976-1977 and from 1979 to 1981 he was a lawyer
- In 2007 Mr Hagi graduated from the university of Saint Clemence with a Masters degree in political science at in the thesis 'Political Contribution of youth in the Kurdistan Region' and a PhD degree on the role of elections in the political stability in Iraq, from 2005-2010
- In 1981, Mr Hagi joined the ranks of the Kurdish resistance and became an active peshmerga
- From 1986 to 1991, Mr Hagi was living in Sweden and returned to Kurdistan in 1991
- In 1992, he became member of the internal organisation and professional and vocational associations of Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP)

- From 1992 to 1995, Mr. Hagi was general director of Divan of the Kurdistan Parliament
- From 1995-1999 he was head of internal organisation of the branch 1 of KDP and from 1999-2003 he was deputy head of the branch 1 of KDP
- At the 10th Congress of KDP he was elected a substitute member for the Central Committee
- In 2004 Mr Hagi became a member of PDK Central Committee in and took the responsibility of the Study and Research Department of KDP
- Between 2005-2011 he was head of the KDP central organisation for elections.
- At the 13th Congress of KDP he was re-elected as a member of the Central Committee and later member of KDP Politburo. At the same time, he became the head of internal organisation and spokesman of KDP
- He is involved in many intellectual and political activities including educational media and gives lectures about the growth of humanities and general opinions about the political system organization and civil associations
- He is the author of an Arabic book entitled "Lights on the Revolutionary Alternative"
- On 29 April 2014, Mr. Jaffar Gahi was elected Deputy Speaker of Kurdistan parliament

Deputy.speaker@perleman.org  
Tel: +964 6622 20800

### The Kurdistan Parliament Secretary

#### Faxradden Qadir

Name: Faxradden Qadir  
Surname: Arif  
Nationality: Kurdish  
Religion: Muslim  
Date and Place of Birth: 1971 Penjwen

#### Qualification

Education: Bachelor in Law  
Diploma in Administration

Committee Membership: legislation

Human Rights

Political Affiliation: Kurdistan Islamic Group

#### Previous Jobs:

- Head of Kurdistan Students Organization
- Member of leadership council
- Member of branch command
- Head of relations office

#### Contact

Email: fakhradeen71@yahoo.com  
Tel: 07501563135 - 07701563135

### The Kurdistan Parliament Committees – Fourth Term (2013)

Article (37): of the Rules of Procedure

The permanent Committees are to be formed from the first session of the parliament following the parliament election; the member's interest and specialty are to be taken into consideration.

Article (38): of the Rules of Procedure

First: The jurisdiction of the committees:

1 \_ each committee of the parliamentary committees should study the draft laws and propose draft laws within its jurisdiction, give ideas and opinions about any issue and submit them to the presidency of the parliament, according to the relevant rules of procedure of Parliament.

2 Each committee should review, monitor and assess the performance of the Governmental institutions, according to the jurisdiction of the committee.

#### The committee of Legislation'

Vala Fared Ebrahim	Head
Bahar Mahmud Fatah	Deputy
Goran Azad Muhamad	Coordinator
Abubaker Omer Muhammed	Member
Anwer Qader Mustafa	Member
Talar Latif Muhammed	Member
Vaman Faisal Salim	Member
Shwan Ahmed Noman	Member
Lina Ezarya Bahram	Member
Mna Nabi Nader	Member
	Member

The Legislation committee e-mail:

#### The Committee of Internal Affairs, Security, and local councils '

Ayub Abdulla Ismail	Head
Nazem Kabeir Muhamed	Deputy

Qadeer Watman Rasull	Coordinator
Awaz Hamed Husain	Member
Dler Mustafa Hasan	Member
Brzo Majeed Abdulla	Member
Said Muhammed Said	Member
Abubakr Omer Abdulla	Member
Husain Ismail Husain	Member
Abdulla Mahmud Muhammed	Member
MUhammed Sadaden Anwer	Member

The Internal affairs committee e-mail:

#### The committee of Education, Higher education, and Scientific Research'

Ibraheem Ahmed Smo	Head
Jwan Ismail Aziz	Deputy
Begard Dlshad Shwkralla	Coordinator
Sherko Hama Amin	Member
Amina Zikra Said	Member
Ayeden Maruf salim	Member
Shirn Husni Ramazan	Member
Suham Omer Qader	Member
Shukry Ismail Mustafa	Member
Omer Mustafa Bawa Amir	Member
Wahida Yaaqub Hurmuz	Member

The Education committee e-mail:

#### The committee of Housing and Rural Development'

Fayeq Mustafa Rasull	Head
Tahseen Ismail Ahmmed	Deputy
Bashar Mushir Ismail	Coordinator
Sherko Hama Ammen	Member
Murayam Samad Abdee	Member
Shilan Jafer Ali	Member
Mawlud Murad Muhyadeen	Member
Yarwanit Nisan Markoz	Member
Omer Enayat Hama Saed	Member
Zyad Husain Abdulkarim	Member
	Member

The Housing committee e-mail:

The committee of Endowment, and Regional Affairs

Siraj Ahmed Hamaameen	Head
Hawraman Hamarashed	Deputy
Kanan Najmadeen Ahmed	Coordinator
MahMud Omer Saleh	Member
Pari Sali7hameed	Member
Jwan Ismail Aziz	Member
Idrees Ali Islam	Member
Anas Muhammad shareef	Member
Lanya Ozrya Bahram	Member

The Endowment committee e-mail:

The committee of Human Rights

Soran Omer Saied	Head
Fairwz Taha Abdul Khaliq	Deputy
Suhrab Mikail Muhamedameen	Coordinator
Omed Hama Ali	Member
Munira Othman Ali	Member
Bahar Abdul Rahman Muhammed	Member
Mawlud Murad Muhyadeen	Member
Frsat Sofee Ali	Member
Omer Mustafa Bawa Meri	Member
Vyan Abas Omer	Member
Yaso fayeq Muhammed	Member

The Human rights committee e-mail:

### The committee of Municipality, and Transportation '

Omer Inayat Hama	Head
Kamal Yalda Marqus	Deputy
Salih Bshar Salih	Coordinator
Aywb Abdulla Ismail	Member
Siraj Ahmed Hama Ammen	Member
Bayar Taher Saed	Member
Salih Faqe Muhammed	Member
Ghareeb Mustafa Hama Khan	Member
shKurya Ismail Mustafa	Member
Majeed Ismail Towfeq	Member

The Municipality committee e-mail:

### The committee of youth, and Athletics'

Mardan Khder Mustafa	Head
Jawdat Jarjees Latef	Deputy
Zana Abdulrahamn Abdulla	Coordinator
Ibrahim Ahmed Smo	Member
Qaraman Qader Fatah	Member
Adel aziz Shwker	Member
Muhamad Sadeq Saied	Member
Suhrab Mikail Muhamadameen	Member
Farhan jawher Qader	Member
Shilan Jafer Ali	Member

The Youth committee e-mail:

## The committee of Civil Society Affairs '

Salar Mahmud amurad	Head
Parwa Ali Hama	Deputy
Mardan Khder Mustafa	Coordinator
Muhamed Ali Yaseen	Member
Evar Ibraheem Husain	Member
Nazem kabir Muhammed	Member
Gasha Dara Jallal	Member
Omer salih Omer	Member
Najeeba Latif Ahmed	Member
Kamal Yalda Marqz	Member
Muhammed Sadaden Anwer	Member

The Civil Society committee e-mail:

## The committee of finance and economic affairs'

Ezat Saber Esmail	Head
Ali Hama Saleh	Deputy
Heva Hajee Mirkhan	Coordinator
DlshadShaaban Abdulghfar	Member
Roza Mahmud Outhman	Member
Awaz Jangee Burhan	Member
Sherko Jawdat Mustafa	Member
Soran Omer Saed	Member
Aeideen Maruf Saleem	Member
Abdulrahman Fars Abdulrahmman	Member
Madena Ayub Ahmad	Member

The Finance committee e-mail:

## The Committee of agriculture and irrigation'

Yaqub GOrGIs Yaqub	Head
Gharib Mustaf HamaKhann	Deputy
Zyad Husain Abdulkarim	Coordinator
Hasan Salih Mohammed	Member
Abdulrahman Ali Raza	Member
Farhad Hama Salih	Member
Awaz Jangi Burhan	Member
Khalaf Ahmed Maruf	Member
Aree Muhammed Abdulrahim	Member
Abas GHazali Mirkhan	Member
Zozan Sadiq Saed	Member

The Agriculture committee e-mail:

#### The committee of Protecting Women's Rights'

Evar Ebraheem Husain	Head
Kazhal Hadi Faqe	Deputy
Hayat Majeed Qadeer	Coordinator
Rabwn Tofeeq Ma3ruf	Member
Muna Nabi Nader	Member
Hasan Salih Mohammed	Member

The Women's rights committee e-mail:

#### The committee of Health and Environment'

Zulfa Mahmud Abdulla	Head
Muryam Samad Abdi	Deputy
Awaz Hameed Husain	Coordinator
Shirn Husni Ramazan	Member
Abdulla Jasem Rajab	Member
Goran Azad Muhammed	Member
Sahrab Mukail Muhammed	Member
Srud Salim Mata	Member



The Health committee e-mail:

### The committee of Social, children, and Family'

Gasha Dara Jalal	Head
Zozan Sadeeq said	Deputy
Pari Salih Hameed	Coordinator
Fairuz Taha Abdulkhalq	Member
Najat Muhammed Abdulla	Member
Munira Osman Ali	Member
Amina Zikra Saied	Member
Begard Dlshad Shwkralla	Member
Talar Latif Muhammed	Member
Kanan Najmaded Ahmed	Member
Srud Salim Matta	Member

The Social committee e-mail:

### The committee of Relations, Culture, and Media'

Muhamed Ali Yaseen	Head
Zana Abdulrahman Abdulla	Deputy
Adel Aziz Shkur	Coordinator
Vyan Abas Omer	Member
Shwan Ahmed Numan	Member
Hayat Majeed Qader	Member
Parwa Ali Hama	Member
Farhan Jawher Qader	Member
Suham Omer Qader	Member
Wahida Yaqub Hormuz	Member
Jawdat Jarjez latif	Member

The Relations committee e-mail:

### The committee of Peshmerga, and Martyrs affairs'

Ari Muhammed Abdul Rahim	Head
Dler Mustafa Husain	Deputy
Bahar Abdulrahman Muhamed	Coordinator
Abas Ghazali Mirxan	Member
Qader Watman Rasul	Member
Mahmud Omer Salih	Member
Hawraman Hama Sharif	Member
Baper Kamala Sleman	Member
Abdulla Mahmud Muhammed	Member
Yaqub Gorgis Yaqw	Member

The Peshmerga committee e-mail:

### The committee of Industry, and Natural Resources'

Sherko Jawdat Mustafa	Head
Dlshad Shaban Abdul Ghagar	Deputy
Roza Mahmud Osman	Coordinator
Salih Bashar Salih	Member
Ali Hama salih	Member
Bayar Taher Saied	Member
Rewaz fayeq Husain	Member
Ali Ali Halo	Member
Yarwanit Nisan Markoz	Member
Izat Saber Ismail	Member
Faiq Mustafa Rasul	Member

The Industry committee e-mail:

### The committee of Protecting Consumer Rights'

Vaman Faisal salom	Head
Qaraman Qader Fatah	Deputy
Abdulrahman Ali raza	Coordinator
Kazhal Hadi Faqee	Member
Vala Farid Ibrahim	Member
Heva Hajee Mirkhan	Member
Zulfa Mahmud Abdulla	Member
Abdulla jasem Rajab	Member
Majeed Osman Towfeeq	Member

The Consumer committee e-mail:

### The committee of Integrity'

Omer Salih Omer	Head
Anaz Muhamed Sharef	Deputy
Najeeba Latif AhMed	Coordinator
Khalaf Ahmed Maruf	Member
Omed hama Ali	Member
Brzo Majeed Abdulla	Member
Salih Faqee Muhammed	Member
Frsat Sofee Ali	Member
Idres Ali Islam	Member
Najat Muhammed Abdulla	Member
Baper Kamala Sleman	Member

The Interguity committee e-mail:

**Prepared by: Khaliq Abdullah Rashid (senior translator)**